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දී ලංකා පිහාස දෙපාර්කයම්නදාව ලී ලංකා පිහාන දෙපාර් <mark>ලී ලංකා විභාග ලෙපාර්තලම්න්තුව</mark>ගත දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්කයම්න්තුව ඉහැකෙනට පුණු නි කානයන්නයට මූ මාත දෙපාර් **ලී ලංකා විභාග ලෙපාර්තලම්න්තුව**ගත් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලියා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා පිහාස දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලේකා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා පිහාස දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා පිහාස දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලේකා පිහාස දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලේකා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලේකා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලේකා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලේකා ප්රතිර இ என இரை நெருந்தையில் பிருக்க Department of **இலங்கைப் பிரியிரை திறைவுக்கின்**மே. Sri Lanka Department of Examination இ இலங்கைப் பிருக்கத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை **Prepartment of Examination s, Sri Lanka** ஹேலிக்களம் இலங்கைப் பிருகைத் நிணைக்களம்

General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2023 (2024)

ජීව විදහාව உயிரியல் I Biology



පැය දෙකයි இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம் Two hours

Instructions:

- * Answer all questions.
- * Write your Index Number in the space provided in the answer sheet.
- * Instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.
- * In each of the questions from 1 to 50, pick one of the alternatives from (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) which is correct or most appropriate and mark your response on the answer sheet with a cross (x) on the number of the correct option in accordance with the instructions given on the back of the answer sheet.
- 1. A feature common to lysosomes and peroxisomes is that they
 - (1) are single membrane bounded vesicles.
 - (2) transport residual materials by exocytosis.
 - (3) contain oxidising enzymes that catalyse breakdown of nucleic acids.
 - (4) are important in photorespiration.
 - (5) digest worn out organelles.
- 2. Two characteristics that can be seen only in living organisms are
 - (1) adaptation and growth.
- movement and irritability.
- (3) change with time and development. (4) metabolism and heredity.
- (5) synthesis and decomposition.
- 3. Which of the following statements is correct regarding transmission electron microscope?
 - (1) Specimens are magnified 5 × 10⁶ times.
 - (2) Less electrons may get displayed in cellular structures with dense staining.
 - (3) Living specimens cannot be observed.
 - (4) Three dimensional appearance of the specimens can be observed.
 - (5) Specimens scatter many electrons whilst others are absorbed.
- 4. Select the response which correctly indicates the event and phase in the eukaryotic cell cycle.
 - (1) DNA replication
- Go phase
- (2) Synthesis of proteins
- G, phase
- (3) Chromatin formation
- G₂ phase
- (4) Production of cellular organelles S phase
- M phase (5) Duplication of centrosome
- 5. In allosteric regulation of enzymes
 - (1) regulatory molecules bind reversibly to the active site of enzyme.
 - (2) regulatory molecules bind to the enzyme via non-covalent interactions.
 - (3) an activator molecule that binds to a particular sub unit will affect the active site of that
 - (4) inhibitory molecules affect the function of the enzyme but not the shape.
 - (5) ATP functions as an allosteric activator.

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- 6. In ethyl alcohol fermentation,
- (1) one molecule of glucose produces one molecule of pyruvate and two molecules of NADH.
 - (2) pyruvate is reduced directly to ethanol using NADH.
 - (3) one molecule of CO₂ is produced from one molecule of glucose.
 - (4) final hydrogen acceptor is an inorganic compound.
 - (5) two molecules of ATP are produced from one molecule of glucose.
- 7. Which of the following statements regarding glycolysis of one molecule of glucose is correct?
 - (1) There is a net yield of four ATP molecules.
 - (2) Two hydrogen ions are released.
 - (3) It partially depends on molecular oxygen.
 - (4) Two NADH molecules are formed.
 - (5) Part of glycolysis takes place in the outer membrane of mitochondria.
- 8. Some events that took place during the evolution of organisms are as follows:
 - A Saturation of water bodies with oxygen
 - B Oxidation of Fe2+
 - C Increase in photosynthetic bacterial populations
 - D Origin of cyanobacteria

The correct sequence of above events are

- (1) A, B, C and D.
- (2) C. A. B and D.
- (3) C, B, A and D.

- (4) D. A. B and C.
- (5) D. B. A and C.
- 9. Which of the following pairs of organisms have the highest number of common characteristics?
 - (1) Bat and crow

- (2) Lizard and turtle
- (3) Ichthyophis and Taenia
- (4) Ulva and Pogonatum
- (5) Pinus and Cycas
- 10. Which of the following are unique characteristics of some phyla of the kingdom Animalia?
 - A Internal fertilization
- B Parapodia

C - Radula

- D Nephridia
- (1) A and C only.
- (2) A and D only.
- (3) B and C only.

- (4) B and D only.
- (5) C and D only.
- 11. Select the correct statement regarding vascular tissues of plants.
 - (1) Xylem tissues of pterophytes contain tracheids.
 - (2) Xylem vessel elements are long and tapered cells.
 - (3) Tracheids provide support to the stems of bryophytes.
 - (4) Companion cells are found in Cycadophyta.
 - (5) Pits are present between sieve tube elements.
- 12. Some structures of plants and their functions are shown below.

Structure

Function

- A Lenticels
- P Transpiration
- B Stomata
- Q Gaseous exchange
- C Hydathodes
- R Guttation

Select the response with all correct "structure-function" combinations.

- (1) A P, B R, C O
- (2) A R, B P, C P
- (3) A P, B Q, C R
- (4) A Q, B P, C P
- (5) A R, B Q, C R

	(3) (5)	mass flow.	X(2) X(4)) osmosis.) bulk flow.	
14.	Corrr (1) (3)	A - Flow of water into guard B - Bending of inner walls of C - Expansion of guard cells D - Opening of the pore E - Decrease in the turgor of F - Closure of the pore rect sequence of the above steps A, B, C, D, E and F. A, C, D, B, E and F. A, E, C, D, B and F.	cells guar guard is (2)	rd cells	below.
15.	respo	nacronutrient and a micronutrient ectively Mg and Mn. N and S.	(2)	ch cause chlorosis in plants due Fe and Ni. Cu and B.	to their deficiency are (3) P and Mo.
16.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	plant hormones that promote rocauxin and gibberellins. cytokinins and abscisic acid. ethylene and auxin. ethylene and gibberellins. cytokinins and gibberellins.	ot for	rmation are	
17.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	ch of the following statements re Stratified squamous epithelium is Pseudostratified columnar epitheli Simple columnar epithelium is for Simple cuboidal epithelium is for Simple squamous epithelium prev	invo um i ound und i	olved in exchange of materials. is a compound epithelial tissue. in the intestine and nasal passa in salivary glands and kidney to	ge. ibules.
	Which	three types of symbiosis seen and A: Mutualism – Cow and crand B: Parasitism – Man and Pland C: Commensalism – Whale and of these combinations is/are conditional A and B only.	e aria d bar rrect ² (2)	rnacle	(3) C only.
19.	Select	t the pair/pairs where an increase X: (i) Stretching of the stoma (ii) Release of gastrin Y: (i) Fat content in chyme (ii) Food digestion in stoma Z: (i) Amino acid content in (ii) Release of bicarbonate X only.	ch wach chymions (2)	ne	(3) Z only.

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- 20. Select the correct route of blood through the human heart from systemic circulation to pulmonary circulation and back to systemic circulation via aortic valve.
 - (1) Left atrium, bicuspid valve, left ventricle, pulmonary valve, right atrium, tricuspid valve, right ventricle
 - (2) Right atrium, tricuspid valve, right ventricle, pulmonary valve, left atrium, bicuspid valve,
 - (3) Left atrium, tricuspid valve, left ventricle, pulmonary valve, right atrium, bicuspid valve, right
 - (4) Left ventricle, bicuspid valve, left atrium, pulmonary valve, right atrium, tricuspid valve, right ventricle
 - (5) Right atrium, bicuspid valve, right ventricle, pulmonary valve, left atrium, tricuspid valve, left ventricle
- 21. Which of the following indicates the forms that transport the lowest and highest percentages of carbon dioxide in the human blood?

Lowest percentage	Highest percentage		
(1) Dissolved CO ₂	Carbaminohemoglobin		
	Carbaminohemoglobin		
(2) HCO₃(3) Carbaminohemoglobin	Dissolved CO ₂		
0.40.10 SUSANON	Dissolved CO ₂		
(4) HCO ₃	HCO ₃		
(5) Dissolved CO ₂	11003		

- If the tidal volume, residual volume, inspiratory reserve volume and expiratory reserve volume of a person are 500 mL, 1200 mL, 3100 mL and 1100 mL respectively, vital capacity of this person is
 (1) 1600 mL.
 (2) 1700 mL.
 (3) 3600 mL.
 (4) 4700 mL.
 (5) 5200 mL.
- (1) 1600 mL. (2) 1700 mL. (3) 3000 mL. (4) 7766

 23. Parasympathetic division of the autonomic nervous system of man
 - (1) inhibits saliva secretion.
 - (2) dilates the pupil of eye.
 - (3) relaxes bronchi in lungs.
 - (4) stimulates the release of glucose from liver.
 - (5) stimulates gall bladder.
- 24. Select the correct statement regarding human vision.
 - (1) Changing refractory power of cornea facilitates binocular vision.
 - (2) Convergence occurs during distant vision.
 - (3) Accommodation is important for near vision.
 - (4) Photopsin in rods provides night vision.
 - (5) Correct perception of visual objects occurs in the frontal lobe of the cerebrum.
- 25. Which of the following combinations correctly matches the hormone and its function?
 - (1) ACTH Stimulates adrenalin secretion
 - (2) Oxytocin Stimulates milk production
 - (3) Calcitonin Promotes high calcium level in blood
 - (4) Melatonin Increases basal metabolic rate
 - (5) Cholecystokinin Triggers release of pancreatic amylase
- 26. Select the correct statement regarding spermatogenesis of man.
 - (1) Spermatogenesis starts at birth and occurs throughout the life.
 - (2) Spermatogenesis is promoted by testosterone secreted by sertoli cells.
 - (3) Primary spermatocytes are formed by spermatogonia through mitotic division.
 - (4) Leydig cells provide attachment for cells that are in different stages of spermatogenesis.
 - (5) All cells that undergo spermatogenesis are diploid except sperm cells.

2	 During fertilization, a sper Blastocyst reaches the ute Secretions of endometrial Placenta contains only fets 	nents regarding human development rm enters the mature ovum penetra erus 3-4 days after fertilization. glands provide nutrition to the ear tal blood vessels. gins to beat by 8-10 weeks of pro-	ting surrounding epithelial cells.
2	 Three pairs of ribs articul Zygomatic arch provides s Sacrum is formed from se Sinuses are located in the 	ents regarding axial skeleton of man late with the sternum indirectly. surface for muscle attachment for t even fused rudimentary vertebrae. e nasal and temporal bones. lumbar curvature, child cannot hole	the movement of upper jaw.
25	9. Excluding patella, the number (1) 22. (2) 24.	of bones in the lower limb of the (3) 25. (4) 29.	human is (5) 30.
30	genotypes can appear in the pro	type AaBb for two particular traits a ogeny according to Mendel's laws?	
	(1) 2 (2) 3	(3) 4 (4) 8	(5) 16
31	 If a woman homozygous for blo possible blood groups of their c 	ood group B marries a man who is lightly	heterozygous for blood group A,
	(1) A and AB. (4) AB and B.	(2) A and B. (5) B and O.	(3) AB and O.
32	A - Down syndrome B - Colour Blindness C - Turner syndrome D - Sickle Cell Anemia (1) A and B only. (4) B and D only.	genetic disorders are caused due to the second disorders are caused disorders are	to gene mutations? (3) B and C only.
33.	A - Precipitation of DNA B - Dissociation of nucleo C - Removal of contamin D - Inhibition of DNase E - Homogenization The correct sequence of above	coprotein complexes nants	×
	 B, C, A, D and E. C, B, E, A and D. E, D, B, C and A. 	(2) C, B, A, E and D. (4) E, B, A, D and C.	
34.	 tropical forests, chaparrals, t tropical forests, deserts, tem savanna, deserts, chaparrals, tropical forests, chaparrals, 	rthward from Sri Lanka along a sence are temperate broad leaf forests, northern perate grasslands, northern conifer, temperate grasslands and tundra. savanna, temperate broad leaf fore grasslands, northern coniferous for	rn coniferous forests and tundra. rous forests and tundra.

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35. Two invasive alien organisms in Sri Lanka are

- (1) Giant African land snail and Citronella grass.
- (2) Tilapia and Tussock grass.
- (3) Guinea grass and Cogon grass.
- (4) Gini Andara and Themeda.
- (5) Lantana and Water Hyacinth.
- 36. Which of the following statements regarding viroids and prions are correct?
 - A Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease is a human disease caused by prions.
 - B Viroids carry signals for their multiplication in host plant cells.
 - C Viroids have a short piece of DNA protected by a protein coat.
 - D Nucleic acids in prions replicate with the help of host genes.
 - (1) A and B only.
- (2) A and C only.
- (3) A and D only.
- (4) B and C only.
- (5) B and D only.
- 37. Which of the following statements regarding endotoxins and exotoxins produced by pathogenic bacteria is correct?
 - (1) Both endotoxins and exotoxins are inactivated by heat.
 - (2) Endotoxins are proteins or lipopolysaccharides produced by gram positive bacteria.
 - (3) Exotoxins are produced by both gram negative and gram positive bacteria.
 - (4) Exotoxin produced by Corynebacterium diphtheriae acts as an enterotoxin.
 - (5) Endotoxins produced by different bacterial species cause different symptoms.
- 38. Which of the following statements regarding metabolic products of microorganisms is correct?
 - (1) Saccharomyces cerevisiae is used for commercial production of invertase.
 - (2) Citric acid is produced through fermentation of molasses by Aspergillus oryzae.
 - (3) Riboflavin is produced through fermentation by Bacillus subtilis.
 - (4) Tetracycline is a secondary metabolite produced by Streptomyces griseus.
 - (5) Ethanol is a secondary metabolite produced through fermentation of sugarcane sap by microorganisms.
- 39. Which of the following may contribute to keep the immunity of ornamental fish in a home aquarium at a high level?
 - (1) Using correct feeding regime as a biosecurity measure.
 - (2) Replacing entire volume of water fortnightly.
 - (3) Turning off aeration at night.
 - (4) Keeping the lights of the aquarium switched on continuously.
 - (5) Maintaining a correct stocking density of compatible plants and fish.
- 40. Which of the following statements regarding genome projects are correct?
 - A One of the aims of the human genome project is to determine the sequence of 20000
 - B Human genome project is yet to be completed.
 - C Human Genome project has lead to the description of molecular activities of human
 - D Genome project of Escherichia coli is already completed.
 - (1) A and B only.
- (2) B and C only.
- (3) B and D only. (5) C and D only.
- (4) B, C and D only.

For each of the questions 41 to 50, one or more of the responses is/are correct. Decide which
response/responses is/are correct and then select the correct number.

If	only (A)	(B) and	(D) are	correct			(1)
If .	only (A)	(C) and	(D) are	correct			(Z)
If .	only (A)	and (R)	are corre	ect			(3)
YC	1 (0)		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	aat			(+)
If	any other	response	or com	bination of	responses	is correct	(5)

		Direction	is summarise		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
(A), (B), (D) correct.	(A), (C), (D) correct.	(A), (B) correct.	(C), (D) correct.	Any other response or combination of responses correct.	

41. Which of the following statements regarding nucleotides is/are correct?

- (A) NADP+ functions as an electron carrier and an oxidising agent.
- (B) FAD functions as an electron carrier and a reducing agent.
- (C) NADP+ and FAD function as coenzymes and electron carriers.
- (D) NAD+ functions as an electron carrier and an oxidising agent.
- (E) NAD+ and NADP+ function as coenzymes and reducing agents.

42. Some characteristics of organisms and phyla of kingdom Fungi are given below.

Characteristic Phylum

P - Coenocytic X - Chytridiomycota Q - Multicellular Y - Zygomycota Z - Ascomycota

Select the response/responses where all 'characteristic - phylum' combinations are correct.

- (A) P-X, Q-Z, R-Z
- (B) P-Y, Q-X, R-X
- (C) P-Z, Q-Y, R-X
- (D) P-X, Q-X, R-X
- (E) P-Y, Q-Y, R-Z

43. Select the correct statement/statements regarding kingdom Plantae.

- (A) Reduction in the gametophyte is a trend seen in the evolution of plants.
- (B) Root tissues of living vascular plants resemble the stem tissues of early vascular plants.
- (C) Ancestors of the members of kingdom Plantae had key traits of land plants.
- (D) Members of kingdom Plantae evolved from a group of olive green coloured protists.
- (E) Liverworts are evolutionarily closer to hornworts than to mosses.

44. Which of the following statements regarding the life cycles of plants is/are correct?

- (A) Gametophyte of *Pogonatum* is dominant and photosynthetic.
- (B) Sporophyte of Selaginella is dominant and photosynthetic.
- (C) In Cycas, sporophyte is dominant and gametophyte partially depends on sporophyte.
- (D) Gametophyte of Selaginella is reduced and partially depends on sporophyte.
- (E) Gametophyte of Nephrolepis is photosynthetic and partially depends on sporophyte.

45. Select the correct statement/statements regarding nitrogenous excretory products of animals.

- (A) Secretion of ammonia occurs in human nephrons.
- (B) Energy cost for urea production is less than that of ammonia production.
- (C) Uric acid is the main nitrogenous excretory product of land snails.
- (D) Sharks excrete urea as the main nitrogenous excretory product.
- (E) Urea is less toxic than uric acid.



- 46. In the human brain,
 - (A) three ventricles are located in the forebrain.
 - (B) pineal body is developed from the embryonic hind brain.
 - (C) Pons Varolii is situated between the mid brain and medulla oblongata.
 - (D) superficial part of the cerebrum is composed of nerve cell bodies.
 - (E) hypothalamus is linked to the anterior pituitary gland by long nerve fibres.
- 47. Select the correct statement/statements regarding the functions of amnion.
 - (A) It protects the fetus from mother's immune responses.
 - (B) It is associated with the development of urinary bladder of the fetus.
 - (C) It helps to prevent desiccation of the fetus.
 - (D) It creates a fluid filled cavity to absorb shocks.
 - (E) It is the source of primodial germ cells of developing gonads.
- 48. Transcription process of polypeptide synthesis
 - (A) begins when DNA polymerase binds to the promoter site.
 - (B) takes place in the cytoplasm of eukaryotes.
 - (C) does not involve DNA helicase.
 - (D) adds ribonucleotides against the template in the 5' to 3' direction.
 - (E) converts the information in the mRNA to a sequence of amino acids.
- 49. Two species of plants that can be seen in the highest altitudes of Sri Lanka are
 - (A) Cymbopogan nardus and Themeda tremula.
 - (B) Eleocarpus montanus and Mesua ferrea.
 - (C) Chrysopogan nodulibarbis and Callophyllum walkeri.
 - (D) Cinnamomum ovalifolium and Arundinella villosa.
 - (E) Terminalia chebula and Imperata cylindrica.
- 50. During the secondary treatment of industrial wastewater,
 - (A) organic matter is oxidized by microorganisms in the trickling filter.
 - (B) solid matter is allowed to settle in tanks.
 - (C) more than 75% of the organic matter is oxidized.
 - (D) methane is produced.
 - (E) sludge remaining after trickling filter treatment is decomposed aerobically.

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ශී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තව Antimais 11st was passadamid Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයනු පොදු සහනික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2023(2024) கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2023 (2024) General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2023 (2024)

ජීව විදහාව H உயிரியல் 11 Biology H

Part B - Essay

Instructions:

- * Answer four questions only. Give clear labelled diagrams where necessary. (Each question carries 150 marks.)
- 5. (a) Describe the linear electron flow that takes place in the chloroplast during the light reaction of photosynthesis.
 - (b) Briefly discuss the reasons for high efficiency of photosynthesis in C4 plants.
- 6. (a) Briefly describe how the two groups of flowering plants could be distinguished from each other.
 - (b) Explain the radial transport process that takes place in plants through apoplastic route.
- 7. (a) Briefly describe the structure of the wall of the human heart.
 - (b) Explain the coronary circulation and the consequences of the blockage of coronary arteries in man.
- 8. (a) Explain how blood glucose level is regulated in man.
 - (b) Briefly discuss the reason for type I diabetes and its controlling measures.
- 9. (a) Explain the process of packing of chromatin inside the nuclei of eukaryotic cells,
 - (b) Describe the role of microbes in vinegar production and dairy industry.
- 10. Write short notes on the following.
 - (a) Polygenic inheritance
 - (b) Desertification
 - (c) Control of filariasis



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